

TECH LINE Coatings

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1 – Identification

Product Identifier: Ciloxide All Black

Part Number: CXAB

Recommended Use: Exhaust Coating

Restrictions on Use:

Manufacturer / Supplier:

Tech Line Coatings, Inc
26844 ADAMS AVE.
MURRIETA, CA 92562
USA
Phone /Fax 1-865-773-0599
www.techlinecoatings.com

Keep out of reach of children.
Not recommended for use on Medical equipment.
Not recommended for use on Aviation equipment.

**Emergency Phone: N.America +1-800-535-5053
Intl. +1-352-323-3500**

Section 2 – Hazards Identification

Signal Word: Danger

Symbols:



Hazard Statements:

Highly flammable liquid and vapor
Harmful if swallowed
Harmful in contact with skin
Harmful if inhaled
Causes skin Irritation
Causes Serious Eye Damage
May cause and allergic skin reaction
Suspected of causing genetic defects
Suspected of causing cancer

GHS Classification:

Category

Flammable Liquid	2
Acute Toxicity Oral	4
Acute Toxicity Dermal	4
Acute Toxicity Inhalation	3
Skin Irritation	2
Eye Damage	2
Skin Sensitization	3
Germ Cell Mutagenicity	2
Carcinogenicity	2

Precautionary Statements:

Keep away from heat / sparks / open flames / hot surfaces. - No Smoking. Ground / bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion proof electrical / ventilating / lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

In case of fire use alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Keep container tightly closed. Store locked up.

Wear protective gloves / protective clothing (chemical proof). Wear eye protection and face protection. Wash hands, face and any exposed skin thoroughly after handling. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not eat drink or smoke when using this product. Do not breath fumes / mist / vapors / spray. Use only outdoors or in a well ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center / doctor for medical advice. Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth.

If on skin or hair: wash with plenty of water. Call a poison center / doctor if you feel unwell or if irritation or rash occurs.

Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center / doctor for medical advice.

If in eyes: Rinse cautiously in water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a poison control center / doctor.

If exposed or concerned: Get medical advise / attention, from a poison center / doctor.

Dispose of Contents / container in accordance with regulations in your area. See section 13 for additional information.

Section 3 – Composition / Information On Ingredients

Component Name	Common Name / Synonyms	CAS#	% of Weight
Tert Butyl Acetate	TBAc	540-88-5	> 25%
Titanium Dioxide	TiO2	13463-67-7	< 9%
Xylene		1330-20-7	< 7%
PARACHLOROBENZOTRIFLUORIDE	PCBTF	98-56-6	< 7%
Toluene		108-88-3	< 5%
Ethyl Acetate		141-78-6	< 4%
Ethyl benzene		100-41-4	< 2%
Crystalline silica		14808-60-7	< 0.1%

Other ingredients are not hazardous based on OSHA standard Section 29 CFR 1910.1200

Section 4 – First Aid Measures

General Advice

Consult a physician. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Move out of dangerous area.

If inhaled

If breathed in, move person into fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Consult a physician.

In case of skin contact

Wash off with soap and plenty of water, and remove contaminated clothing shoes and leather goods. Consult a physician..

In case of eye contact

Rinse thoroughly with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and consult a physician.

If swallowed

Do NOT induce vomiting. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Rinse mouth with water. Consult a physician.

Section 5 – Fire Fighting Measures

Extinguishing Media: Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon dioxide.	Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Wear self contained breathing apparatus for fire fighting if necessary.
Unusual Fire And Explosion Hazards: Hazardous decomposition products formed under extreme fire conditions. - Carbon and other oxides. Vapors are heavier than air and may travel to a source of ignition and flash back.	Additional Information: Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Section 6 – Accidental Release Measures

Methods for Containment and Clean Up

- Soak up with inert absorbent material.
- Keep in suitable, marked and closed containers for disposal.
- Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment.
- Remove sources of ignition.

- Warn other workers of spill.
- Wear protective equipment
 - NIOSH Approved Respirator
 - Gloves
 - Safety Glasses
- Do not allow material to be released into the environment.

Additional Information:

- See Section 7 for safe handling information.
- See Section 8 for PPE information
- See Section 13 for disposal information

Section 7 – Handling And Storage

Handling:

Do not breathe vapors or mists from spraying. Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Use with adequate ventilation to maintain exposure levels below established exposure limits. Wear personal protective equipment. If required wear an appropriate NIOSH approved respirator with paint prefilter. Use explosion-proof equipment. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Keep away from open flames, hot surfaces and sources of ignition. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharges.

Storage:

Store in area suitable for flammable liquids. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep away from heat and sources of ignition. Protect from oxidizers, inorganic acids, aldehydes, and isocyanates.

Section 8 – Exposure Controls And Personal Protection

Component	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	NIOSH REL
Tert Butyl Acetate	TWA 200 PPM	TWA 200 PPM	1,500 PPM
TiO2	10 mg/m3 (inspirable dust)	15 mg/m3 (total dust)	2.4 mg/m3 (fine particles)
Xylene	TLV: 100 ppm TWA: 150 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm	100 ppm 10 hour shift 200 ppm 10 minutes
PARACHLOROBENZOTRIFLUORIDE	TLV: Not Established	PEL: Not Established	CEL: 25 ppm 8hr TWA
Toluene	TWA: 50 ppm	TWA: 300 ppm	STEL: 150 ppm TWA: 100 ppm
Ethyl Acetate	TWA 400 ppm	TWA 400 ppm	TWA 400 ppm
Ethyl benzene	TLV: 100 ppm TWA: 125 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm	TWA: 100 ppm
Crystalline silica	Respirable fraction TWA 0.01 ppm	10 mg/m3	0.05 mg/m3

Engineering Controls:

Exhaust ventilation.
Showers
Eyewash stations
Use in a well-ventilated area.

Respiratory Protection:

Use NIOSH approved respirator if TWA/TLV limits are exceeded

Protective Gloves:

CHEMICAL RESISTANT

Eye Protection:

SAFETY GLASSES WITH SIDE SHIELDS OR GOGGLES

Other Protective Equipment:

WEAR PROTECTIVE CLOTHING, CHEMICAL RESISTANT OR OTHER PROTECTIVE OUTERWEAR, AVOID CONTACT WITH SKIN OR EYES

Ventilation:

Local Exhaust: Use To Maintain Below TWA Limits

Mechanical:

Use Non-Sparking Equipment

Work / Hygienic Practices:

wash thoroughly after handling product and before eating, drinking or smoking

Section 9 – Physical And Chemical Properties

Form :	liquid
Color :	Black
Odor :	Mixture of Solvents
Odor Threshold:	Not Established
pH :	No data available
Melting point/range :	No data available
Initial boiling point :	> 150° F.
Flash point :	> 26° F.
Evaporation Rate:	No data available on mixture
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:	No data available on mixture
Vapor pressure	No data available on mixture
Vapor density	> 1 - (air =1)
Relative density	11.07 lbs per gallon
Solubility(ies)	No data available on mixture
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	No data available on mixture
Auto-ignition temperature	No data available on mixture
Decomposition temperature	No data available on mixture
Viscosity	No data available on mixture
Total VOC	< 150 g/l

Section 10 – Stability And Reactivity

Stability:	STABLE
Possibility of hazardous reactions:	Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.
Conditions to avoid:	Avoid storage of open containers at elevated temperatures. Heat, flames and sparks, direct sunlight.
Incompatible Materials:	Oxidizing material can cause a reaction.
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	Thermal breakdown of this product during fire or very high heat conditions may evolve the following decomposition products: Silicon dioxide. Carbon oxides. Metal oxides. Formaldehyde.

Section 11 – Toxicological Information

Potential Health Effects

Inhalation	Harmful if inhaled.
Ingestion	Harmful if swallowed.
Skin	Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. May cause and allergic skin reaction
Eyes	Causes Serious Eye Irritation

Acute Toxicity

TBAc	Oral LD50	LD50 Oral - rat - 4,100 mg/kg Remarks: Behavioral:Altered sleep time (including change in righting reflex). Behavioral:Ataxia. Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration:Dyspnea.
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	Inhalation LC50	LC50 Inhalation - rat - 4 h - > 2,230 mg/m3
		LD50 Dermal - rabbit - > 2,000 mg/kg
		Remarks: Diarrhoea Kidney, Ureter, Bladder:Other changes.
	Dermal LD50	
Titanium Dioxide	Oral LD50	ALD/rat : > 24,000 mg/kg
	Inhalation LC50	ALC/4 h/rat : > 6.82 mg/l
	Dermal LD50	ALD/rabbit : > 10,000 mg/kg
Xylene	Oral LD50	No data available
	Inhalation LC50	No data available
	Dermal LD50	No data available
PCBTF	Oral LD50	LD50 Oral - rat - 13,000 mg/kg
	Inhalation LC50	No data available
	Dermal LD50	No data available
Toluene	Oral LD50	LD50 Oral - rat - > 5,580 mg/kg
	Inhalation LC50	LC50 Inhalation - rat - 4 h - 12,500 - 28,800 mg/m3
	Dermal LD50	LD50 Dermal - rabbit - 12,196 mg/kg
Ethyl Acetate	Oral LD50	LD50 Oral - rat - 5,620 mg/kg
	Inhalation LC50	LC50 Inhalation - mouse - 2 h - 45,000 mg/m3
	Dermal LD50	LD50 Dermal - rabbit - > 180,000 mg/kg
Ethyl benzene	Oral LD50	No data available
	Inhalation LC50	No data available
	Dermal LD50	LD50 Dermal - rabbit - 15,433 mg/kg
Crystalline silica	Oral LD50	No data available
	Inhalation LC50	No data available
	Dermal LD50	No data available

Skin Corrosion/Irritation

TBAc

Skin - rabbit - Mild skin irritation

Toluene

Skin - rabbit - Skin irritation - 24 h

TiO2

Skin - Human - Mild skin irritation - 3 h

Xylene

Standard Draize Test: Administration onto the skin (rabbit) = 500 mg (Moderate).

PCBTF

In skin irritation studies, the compound was found to be slightly to moderately irritating.

All other

No data available

Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation

TBAc

Eyes - rabbit - Mild eye irritation

Xylene

Standard Draize Test: Administration into the eye (rabbit) = 5 mg/24H (Severe).

PCBTF

In eye irritation studies, the compound was found to be slightly to moderately irritating.

All other

No data available

Respiratory Or Skin Sensitization

No data available

Germ Cell Mutagenicity

PCBTF

Genotoxicity in vitro - Human - Embryo
Unscheduled DNA synthesis

Toluene

Genotoxicity in vitro - rat - Liver
DNA damage

TiO₂

Genotoxicity in vitro - Hamster - ovary
Micronucleus test
Genotoxicity in vitro - Hamster - Lungs
DNA inhibition
Genotoxicity in vitro - Hamster - ovary
Sister chromatid exchange
Genotoxicity in vivo - mouse - Intraperitoneal
Micronucleus test

All other

No data available

Carcinogenicity

IARC: 2B - Group 2B: Possibly carcinogenic to humans (Ethylbenzene, TiO₂, COBALT PHOSPHATE(as cobalt compounds))
3 - Group 3: Not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans (Toluene, Xylene)

ACGIH: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.

NTP: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by NTP.

OSHA: No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

This product contains a component that is not classifiable as to its carcinogenicity based on its IARC, ACGIH, NTP, or EPA classification.

TiO₂

Carcinogenicity - rat - Inhalation
Tumorigenic:Carcinogenic by RTECS criteria. Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration:Tumors.
Carcinogenicity - rat - Intramuscular
Tumorigenic:Neoplastic by RTECS criteria. Blood:Lymphomas including Hodgkin's disease. Tumorigenic:Tumors at site or application.

Reproductive Toxicity

Xylene

There is ample evidence that xylene produces embryotoxicity (reduced body weight, retarded ossification, retarded kidney development, increased extra rib) and fetotoxicity in mice and rats, but xylene is not considered teratogenic.

PCBTF

In a two-generation reproduction study rats were exposed daily via oral gavage at doses of 0, 5, 15, and 45 mg/kg. Only limited reproductive effects were noted.

Toluene

Reproductive toxicity - rat - Inhalation

Paternal Effects: Spermatogenesis (including genetic material, sperm morphology, motility, and count).

Experiments have shown reproductive toxicity effects in male and female laboratory animals.

All other

No data available

Specific Target Organ Toxicity Single Exposure

PCBTF

Inhalation - May cause respiratory irritation.

Toluene

Developmental Toxicity - rat - Oral

Effects on Embryo or Fetus: Fetotoxicity (except death, e.g., stunted fetus).

Damage to fetus possible

Suspected human reproductive toxicant

Ethyl Acetate

May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

All other

No data available

Specific Target Organ Toxicity Repeated Or Prolonged Exposure

Xylene

Chronic exposure to xylene may cause defatting dermatitis, reversible eye damage, dyspnea (labored breathing), confusion, dizziness, apprehension, memory loss, headache, tremors, weakness, anorexia, nausea, ringing in the ears, irritability, thirst, mild changes in liver function, kidney impairment, anemia, and hyperplasia, but not destruction, of the bone marrow.

Crystalline silica

Inhalation - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

All other

No data available

Aspiration Hazard

No data

Section 12 – Ecological Information

General Comments:

Do not allow material to be released into the environment without proper governmental permits

Environmental Toxicity:

TBAc

Toxicity to fish

LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 296 - 362 mg/l - 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates

No data available

TiO2

Toxicity to fish LC50/96 h/Fathead minnow: > 1,000 mg/l

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates No data available

Xylene

Toxicity to fish No data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates No data available

PCBTF

Toxicity to fish No data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates No data available

Toluene

Toxicity to fish LC50 - Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill) - 74.00 - 340.00 mg/l - 96 h
LC50 - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) - 7.63 mg/l - 96 h
NOEC - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 5.44 mg/l - 7 d
LOEC - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 8.04 mg/l - 7 d

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 8.00 mg/l - 24 h
Immobilization EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 6 mg/l - 48 h

Toxicity to algae EC50 - Chlorella vulgaris (Fresh water algae) - 245.00 mg/l - 24 h
EC50 - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata (green algae) - 10.00 mg/l - 24 h

Ethyl Acetate

Toxicity to fish LC50 - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) - 350.00 - 600.00 mg/l - 96 h
LC50 - Pimephales promelas (fathead minnow) - 220.00 - 250.00 mg/l - 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 2,300.00 - 3,090.00 mg/l - 24 h
LC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 560 mg/l - 48 h

Toxicity to algae EC50 - Algae - 4,300.00 mg/l - 24 h
EC50 - SELENASTRUM - 1,800.00 - 3,200.00 mg/l - 72 h

Ethylbenzene

Toxicity to fish LC50 - Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow) - 88.00 mg/l - 96 h
LC50 - Lepomis macrochirus (Bluegill) - 80.00 mg/l - 96 h
NOEC - Cyprinodon variegatus (sheepshead minnow) - 88 mg/l - 96 h
LC50 - Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout) - 4.2 mg/l - 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 2.90 mg/l - 48 h

Crystalline silica

Toxicity to fish No data available

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates No data available

Bioaccumulative Potential

No data available on mixture

Section 13 – Disposal Considerations

Waste Disposal Method:

RCRA Hazard Class (40 CFR 261)

When a decision is made to discard this material, as received, is it classified as a hazardous waste? Yes

Characteristic Waste:

Ignitable: D001

TCLP: D018

State or local laws may impose additional regulatory requirements regarding disposal.

Contaminated Packaging

Dispose of as unused product.

Section 14 – Transportation Information

Hazardous for Shipping: Yes

Based on 49 CFR, IATA and IMDG:

UN Number: UN1263

UN Proper Shipping Name: Paint

Hazard Class: 3

Packing Group: II

Labels: Flammable Liquid

Placards: Flammable Liquid

Section 15 – Regulations

TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) Regulations, 40 CFR 710: All hazardous ingredients are on the TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory.

Component	%	CAS Number	SARA 313	SARA 302	New Jersey RTK List	Pennsylvania RTK List	Massachusetts RTK List	California Prop 65 list
Tert Butyl Acetate	> 25%	540-88-5	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Dimethyl, diphenyl, methyl, phenyl silicone resin	< 17%	28630-33-3	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No
Titanium Dioxide	< 9%	13463-67-7	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Xylene	< 7%	1330-20-7	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
PCBTF	< 7%	98-56-6	No	No	Yes	Yes	No	No
Toluene	< 5%	108-88-3	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Ethyl Acetate	< 4%	141-78-6	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No
Ethyl benzene	< 2%	100-41-4	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Crystalline silica	< 0.1%	14808-60-7	No	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

SARA 311 / 312 Hazards: Flammable Hazard ,Acute Health Hazard, Chronic Health Hazard

Section 16 – Other Information

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